

## 1.42 CODE OF CONDUCT BEHAVIOUR COMPLAINTS MANAGEMENT

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### OBJECTIVE

To establish, in accordance with Clause 15(2) of the *Local Government (Model Code of Conduct) Regulations 2021* and the Shire of Gingin Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates, the procedure for dealing with complaints about alleged breaches of the behaviour requirements included in Division 3 of the Shire of Gingin Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates.

To give effect to the Shire of Gingin's commitment to an effective, transparent, fair and accessible complaints handling process that supports high standards of behaviour of Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates.

### SCOPE

This Policy applies to complaints made in accordance with Clause 11 of the Shire of Gingin Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates.

This Policy applies to Council Members, Committee Members, Candidates and any person who submits a complaint in accordance with this Policy.

### DEFINITIONS

**Act** means the *Local Government Act 1995*.

**Behaviour Complaints Officer** means the CEO or a person authorised in writing by the CEO exercising delegated authority under clause 11(3) of the Code of Conduct to receive complaints and withdrawals of complaints. The role of the Behaviour Complaints Officer is addressed in Part 2.1 of this Policy.

**Breach** means a breach of Division 3 of the Shire of Gingin Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates.

**Candidate** means a candidate for election as a Council Member, whose nomination has been accepted by the Returning Officer under s.4.49 of the Act, but does not include a Council Member who has nominated for re-election. A person is a Candidate from the date on which their nomination is accepted, until the Returning Officer declares the election result in accordance with s.4.77 of the Act.

**Candidate Complaint** means a Complaint alleging a Breach by a Candidate. Candidate Complaints are dealt with in Part 3.2 of this Policy.

**Code of Conduct** means the Shire of Gingin Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates.

**Committee** means a committee of Council, established in accordance with s.5.8, or s.7.1A of the Act.

**Committee Member** means a Council Member, employee of the Shire of Gingin or other person who has been appointed by the Council to be a member or deputy member of a Committee, in accordance with s.5.10(1) or s.5.11A of the Act. A person is a Committee Member from the date on which they are appointed, until their appointment expires or is terminated by Council resolution.

**Complaint** means a complaint submitted under Clause 11 of the Code of Conduct.

**Complainant** means a person who has submitted a Complaint in accordance with this Policy.

**Complaint Assessor** means a person appointed by the Behaviour Complaints Officer in accordance with Part 2.2 and Part 3.8 of this Policy.

**Complaint Documents** means the Complaint Form and any supporting information, evidence, or attachments provided by the Complainant.

**Complaint Form** means the form approved under clause 11(2)(a) of the Code of Conduct by the CEO exercising delegated authority.

**Council** means the Council of the Shire of Gingin.

**Council or Committee Meeting** means a formal meeting of the Council or a Committee that is called and convened in accordance with the Act. It does not include informal meetings, such as workshops or briefings.

**Council Member** means a person who is currently serving a term of office as an elected member of the Council in accordance with the Act.

**Finding** means a finding made in accordance with clause 12(1) of the Code of Conduct as to whether the alleged Breach has or has not occurred.

**Plan** means a Plan that may be prepared and implemented under clause 12(4)(b) of the Code of Conduct, to address the behaviour of the person to whom the complaint relates (the Respondent), if a Finding has been made that a Breach has occurred.

**Response Documents** means the response provided by the Respondent to the Complaint, and includes any supporting information or evidence that is supplied.

## **POLICY**

### **1. Principles**

#### **1.1 Procedural fairness**

The principles of procedural fairness, or natural justice, will apply when dealing with a Complaint under this Policy. In particular:

- the Respondent will be afforded a reasonable opportunity to be heard before any findings are made, or a plan implemented;
- the decision maker should be objective and impartial, with an absence of bias or the perception of bias; and
- any findings made will be based on proper and genuine consideration of the evidence.

## **1.2 Consistency**

The application of this Policy should lead to consistency in process and outcomes. While each Complainant and Respondent will be dealt with according to their circumstances, and each Complaint considered and determined on its merits, similar circumstances will result in similar decisions.

## **1.3 Confidentiality**

The Shire of Gingin will take all reasonable steps to maintain confidentiality when dealing with the Complaint, in order to protect both the Complainant and Respondent.

Council Members, local government employees and contractors who have a role in handling a specific complaint will be provided with sufficient information to fulfil their role. They must manage this information securely, and must not disclose or inappropriately use this information.

Complainants will be made aware that:

- In order to allow the Respondent to understand and respond to the complaint against them, the name of the Complainant will be provided to the Respondent unless the Complainant provides reasons why this should not occur.
- The Complainant's contact information will not be provided to the Respondent.
- The Complainant's name and contact information will not be included in any publicly available documents such as meeting agendas or minutes.
- Complaint Documents may be subject to a Freedom of Information request, however the Complainant must be consulted before any documents are released and exemptions may apply.
- Breaches of confidentiality by the Complainant may prejudice the progress of their Complaint.

## **1.4 Accessibility**

The Shire of Gingin will ensure that information on how to make a complaint, including this Policy, is available on the Shire's website. The Shire will make information available in alternative formats if requested and considered reasonable by the Behaviour Complaints Officer.

Any person wishing to make a complaint may contact the Behaviour Complaints Officer if they require assistance in completing the complaint form or otherwise navigating the complaints process.

## **2. Roles**

### **2.1 Behaviour Complaints Officer**

The Behaviour Complaints Officer is authorised in accordance with clause 11(3) of the Code of Conduct to accept complaints and withdrawal of complaints.

The Behaviour Complaints Officer is not an advocate for the complainant or the respondent. The Behaviour Complaints Officer provides procedural information and assistance to both Complainant and Respondent.

The Behaviour Complaints Officer will liaise with and provide administrative support to a Complaint Assessor appointed under this Policy.

The Behaviour Complaints Officer will facilitate the calling and convening of Council or Behaviour Complaints Committee meetings if required.

In undertaking their functions, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will apply the Principles of this Policy.

### **2.2 Complaint Assessor**

The Complaint Assessor is appointed by the Behaviour Complaints Officer in accordance with Part 3.8 of this Policy.

The Behaviour Complaints Officer may elect to perform the role of Complaint Assessor, or alternatively to appoint a third party Complaint Assessor who will undertake the functions specified in this Policy. In undertaking their functions, the Complaint Assessor will apply the Principles of this Policy.

If a third party Complaint Assessor is appointed, then the Complaint Assessor will liaise with the Behaviour Complaints Officer to manage the administrative requirements of dealing with the Complaint in accordance with this Policy.

## **3. Procedure**

### **3.1 Making a complaint**

Any person may make a Complaint alleging that a Council Member, Committee Member or Candidate has behaved in a way that constitutes a breach of Division 3 of the Code of Conduct [*clause 11(1) of the Code of Conduct*].

A Complaint must be made within one (1) month after the alleged Breach [*clause 11(2)(c) of the Code of Conduct*].

A Complaint must be made by completing the Behaviour Complaint Form in full and providing the completed form to the Behaviour Complaints Officer.

A Complaint must be made in accordance with the Behaviour Complaint Form and specify which requirement(s) of the Code of Conduct is/are alleged to have been breached.

A Complaint is required to include the name and contact details of the Complainant, and therefore anonymous complaints cannot be accepted.

Where a Complaint Form omits required details, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will invite the Complainant to provide this information in order for the Complaint to be progressed.

Where a Complaint is made more than 1 month after the alleged breach, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will give the Complainant written notice that the Complaint cannot be made [*clause 11(2)(c) of the Code of Conduct*].

Where a complaint is received against an Elected Member who has been found to have committed a behavioural breach more than twice after 1 January 2026, the complaint will be referred to the Inspector in accordance with regulation 6(3) of the *Local Government (Local Government Inspector) Regulations 2025*.

### **3.2 Candidate Complaints**

A Complaint in relation to a Candidate must be made in accordance with 3.1, above, but cannot be dealt with unless the Candidate is subsequently declared elected as a Council Member.

Within 7 days after receiving a Candidate Complaint, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will provide written notice:

- To the Complainant confirming receipt, and advising of the procedure for candidate complaints; and
- To the Respondent, including a summary of the complaint, and advising of the procedure for candidate complaints.

No action will be taken until the results of the election are declared by the Returning Officer. If the respondent is elected, then the complaint will be dealt with in accordance with this Policy. Timeframes that would otherwise commence on the receipt of a Complaint will be taken to commence on the election date.

If the Respondent is not elected, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will provide the Complainant with notice that the Respondent has not been elected and that the Complaint cannot be dealt with [*clause 15(1) of the Code of Conduct*].

### **3.3 Withdrawing a Complaint**

A Complainant may withdraw their Complaint at any time before a Finding has been made in relation to the Complaint [*clause 14 of the Code of Conduct*].

A Complainant may withdraw a Complaint by advising the Behaviour Complaints Officer in writing that they wish to do so.

After receiving a written withdrawal of the Complaint, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will take all necessary steps to terminate the process commenced under this Policy.

### **3.4 Notice to Complainant**

Within 7 days after receiving a Complaint, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will provide written notice to the Complainant that:

- confirms receipt of the Complaint;
- outlines the process that will be followed and possible outcomes;
- explains the application of confidentiality to the complaint;
- includes a copy of this Policy; and
- if necessary, seeks clarifications or additional information, including offering the option of Alternative Dispute Resolution if the Complainant has not already indicated their agreement to this on the Complaint Form.

If the Complaint Form indicates that the Complainant agrees to participate in Alternative Dispute Resolution, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will advise the Complainant of the process in accordance with Part 3.6 of this Policy.

### **3.5 Notice to Respondent**

Within 14 days after receiving a Complaint, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will provide written notice to the Respondent that:

- advises that a Complaint has been made in accordance with the Code of Conduct and this Policy;
- includes a copy of the Complaint Documents;
- outlines the process that will be followed, the opportunities that will be afforded to the Respondent to be heard and the possible outcomes;
- includes a copy of this Policy; and
- if applicable, advises that further information has been requested from the Complainant and will be provided in due course.

If the Complainant has agreed to participate in Alternative Dispute Resolution, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will ask the Respondent if they are also willing to participate in accordance with Part 3.6 of this Policy.

### **3.6 Alternative Dispute Resolution**

The Shire of Gingin recognises that Alternative Dispute Resolution may support both parties in reaching a mutually satisfactory outcome that resolves the issues giving rise to the Complaint. Alternative Dispute Resolution requires the consent of both parties to the Complaint and may not be appropriate in all circumstances.

To commence the process, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will, as the first course of action upon receiving a Complaint, offer the Complainant and the Respondent the option of Alternative Dispute Resolution. If both parties agree to participate in Alternative Dispute Resolution, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will pause the formal process.

The objective of Alternative Dispute Resolution will be to reach an agreed resolution that satisfies the Complainant that the formal process is no longer required, allowing them to withdraw the Complaint, in accordance with Part 3.3 of this Policy. For example, an offer by a Respondent to issue a voluntary apology in response to a Complaint, even in the absence of a request from the Complainant, qualifies for consideration as Alternative Dispute Resolution.

If Alternative Dispute Resolution is commenced, both the Complainant and Respondent may decline to proceed with the process at any time. The process may also be terminated on the advice of a third party who is providing assistance to the Local Government, such as a facilitator or mediator.

If Alternative Dispute Resolution is terminated or does not achieve an agreed outcome that results in the withdrawal of the Complaint, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will resume the formal process required under this Policy.

### **3.7 Order of Complaints**

Complaints will normally be dealt with in the order in which they are received.

If more than one Complaint is received that relates to the same alleged behaviour, the Behaviour Complaints Officer may decide to progress those Complaints concurrently.

### **3.8 Appointment of Complaint Assessor**

If Alternative Dispute Resolution is not commenced, is terminated or does not achieve an agreed outcome resulting in the withdrawal of the Complaint, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will appoint a Complaint Assessor. The Complaint Assessor may be the Behaviour Complaints Officer, or an independent third party.

The Behaviour Complaints Officer will endeavour to appoint a Complaint Assessor within a reasonable period. The Behaviour Complaints Officer will provide written notice of the appointment to the Complainant and the Respondent.

#### **3.8A Role of Complaint Assessor**

The Complaint Assessor will determine whether the Complaint is within jurisdiction and, if not, provide a report to the Behaviour Complaints Officer recommending that the complaint be dismissed.

### **3.9 Search of Local Government Records**

The Complaint Assessor may request the Behaviour Complaints Officer to search for any relevant records in the Shire of Gingin's Record Management System.

In particular, if the behaviour is alleged to have occurred at a Council or Committee Meeting, the Behaviour Complaints Officer will be requested to identify any local government records that provide evidence that may support a decision as to whether:

- the behaviour occurred at a Council or Committee Meeting;
- the behaviour was dealt with by the person presiding at the meeting; and/or
- the Respondent has taken remedial action in accordance with the Shire of Gingin Meeting Procedures Local Law.

The Complaint Assessor must provide the Respondent with a copy of any records that are identified. In addition, where a clarification or additional information has been sought from the Complainant by either the Behaviour Complaints Officer or the Complaint Assessor, copies must also be provided to the Respondent.

### **3.10 Assessment of the Complaint**

The Complaint Assessor will undertake an assessment of the Complaint in accordance with the process outlined in the Notices given under Part 3.4 and Part 3.5 of this Policy.

The Complaint Assessor must ensure that the Respondent is provided with a reasonable opportunity to be heard before forming any opinions, or drafting the Complaint Report or recommendations.

### **3.11 Complaint Report**

The Complaint Assessor will prepare a Complaint Report that will include:

- the process followed, including how the Respondent was provided with an opportunity to be heard;
- the Complaint Documents, the Response Documents and any relevant Local Government Records as attachments;
- include recommendations on each decision that may be made by the Complaints Committee (if the report is prepared by an independent third party).
- Include reasons for each finding (if the report is prepared by an independent third party), with reference to Part 4 of this Policy.

If the Complaint Report is not prepared by an independent third party, then no recommendations will be provided, and Council will formulate a resolution based on the information presented to it.

If the Complaint Report recommends that a Plan is prepared and implemented in accordance with clause 12(4)(b) of the Code of Conduct and Part 4.4 of this Policy, the Complaint Report must include a Proposed Plan.

The Respondent will be provided with a draft copy of the Complaint Report and provided with an opportunity to make submissions prior to the Complaint Report being finalised for presentation to Council.

The Behaviour Complaints Officer will be responsible for preparation of a confidential report for consideration by Council, with the Complaint Report provided as a confidential attachment. Any recommendations contained within the Complaint Report will be included in the Officer Report as Officer Recommendations.

### 3.12 Consideration by Council

Complaint Reports will be considered by Council at its next available ordinary meeting. The Officer Report will be prepared on the basis that the part of the meeting that deals with the Complaint Report will be held behind closed doors in accordance with s.5.23(2) of the Act.

In accordance with the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries' *Guidelines on the Model Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates*, all council members (including the Complainant and Respondent) are required to disclose an Impartiality Interest before debate commences.

If the Councillor to whom the complaint relates is the Presiding Member, then the Presiding Member must step down as chair for that item and the deputy presiding member is to assume the Chair.

A person who is a Councillor and is a party to a complaint (Respondent or Complainant) is not permitted to participate in the discussion or decision-making procedure in respect of Council's dealing with the complaint, pursuant to s.5.105(4) of the Act.

Council will consider the Complaint Report and attachments and give due regard to the recommendations.

In accordance with Regulation 11(d)(a) of the *Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996*, reasons for any decision that is significantly different from the Officer Recommendation must be recorded in the meeting minutes.

If the behaviour that is the subject of the Complaint is alleged to have occurred at a Council or Committee Meeting, the Council will determine whether or not to dismiss the Complaint in accordance with Clause 13 of the Code of Conduct and Part 4.2 of this Policy.

If the Council dismisses a Complaint, the Behaviour Complaints Officer must give the Complainant and the Respondent written notice of the decision and the reasons for the decision in accordance with clause 13(2) of the Code of Conduct. This concludes the process for this Complaint.

If the Complaint is not dismissed, the Council will consider the Complaint and make a Finding as to whether the alleged Breach that is the subject of the Complaint has or has not occurred, in accordance with clause 12 of the Code of Conduct and Part 4.3 of this Policy.

If the Council finds that the alleged Breach **did not** occur, the Behaviour Complaints Officer must give the Complainant and the Respondent written notice of the Finding and the reasons for the Finding in accordance with clause 12(7)(a) of the Code of Conduct. This concludes the process for this Complaint.

If the Council finds that the alleged breach **did** occur, the Council will decide whether to take no further action in accordance with clause 12(4)(a) of the Code of Conduct or prepare a plan to address the behaviour in accordance with clause 12(4)(b) of the Code of Conduct and Part 4.4 of this Policy.

If the Council decides to take no further action, the Behaviour Complaints Officer must give the Complainant and the Respondent written notice of this decision and the reasons for the Finding in accordance with clause 12(7)(a) of the Code of Conduct. This concludes the process for this Complaint.

If the Council decides to prepare a Plan, the Council will first consult with the Respondent in accordance with clause 12(5) of the Code of Conduct. The Council will consider any submissions made by the Respondent before preparing and implementing a Plan.

### **3.13 Compliance with Plan Requirement**

The Behaviour Complaints Officer will monitor the actions in timeframes set out in a Plan. Failure to comply with a requirement included in a Plan is a minor breach under section 5.105(1) of the Act and clause 23 of the Code of Conduct.

The Behaviour Complaints Officer must provide a report advising Council of any failure to comply with a requirement included in a Plan.

## **4. Decision Making**

### **4.1. Objective and Principles**

All decisions made under this Policy will reflect the Policy Objectives and the Principles included in Part 1 of this Policy.

### **4.2. Dismissal**

The Council must dismiss a Complaint in accordance with clause 13(1)(a) and (b) of the Code of Conduct if it is satisfied that -

- (a) the behaviour to which the Complaint relates occurred at a Council or Committee Meeting; and
- (b) either –
  - (i) the behaviour was dealt with by the person presiding at the meeting; or
  - (ii) the Respondent has taken remedial action in accordance with the Shire of Gingin Meeting Procedures Local Law 2014

### **4.3. Finding**

A Finding that the alleged breach has occurred must be based on evidence from which it may be concluded that it is more likely that the breach occurred than that it did not occur [clause 12(3) of the Code of Conduct].

This may involve first considering whether the behaviour occurred, on the balance of probabilities, and then whether that behaviour constituted a breach of a requirement of Division 3 of the Code of Conduct.

#### **4.4. Action**

In deciding whether to take no further action, or prepare and implement a Plan, the Council may consider:

- the nature and seriousness of the breach(es);
- the Respondent's submission in relation to the contravention;
- whether the Respondent has breached the Code of Conduct knowingly or carelessly;
- whether the Respondent has breached the Code of Conduct on previous occasions;
- likelihood or not of the Respondent committing further breaches of the Code of Conduct;
- personal circumstances at the time of conduct;
- need to protect the public through general deterrence and maintain public confidence in Local Government; and
- any other matters which may be regarded as contributing to or the conduct or mitigating its seriousness.

#### **4.5. Plan Requirements**

The proposed Action Plan will outline:

- The behaviours of concern;
- The actions to be taken to address the behaviour(s);
- Who is responsible for the actions; and
- An agreed timeframe for the Plan action(s) to be addressed by the Respondent.

The Plan may include requirements for the Respondent to do one or more of the following:

- engage in mediation;
- undertake counselling;
- undertake training;
- take other action the Council considers appropriate (e.g. an apology).

The Proposed Plan should be designed to provide the Respondent with the opportunity and support to demonstrate the professional and ethical behaviour expected of elected representatives expressed in the Code of Conduct.

## GOVERNANCE REFERENCES

<b>Statutory Compliance</b>	<i>Local Government Act 1995</i> <i>Local Government (Model Code of Conduct) Regulations 2021</i>
<b>Industry Compliance</b>	Department of Local Government, Sporting and Cultural Industries Guidelines on the Model Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates
<b>Organisational Compliance</b>	Shire of Gingin Code of Conduct for Council Members, Committee Members and Candidates

## POLICY ADMINISTRATION

<b>Review Cycle</b>	2 years	<b>Next Review</b>	2028
<b>Department</b>	Office of the CEO		

<b>Version</b>	<b>Decision Reference</b>	<b>Synopsis</b>
1.	17/08/2021 Item 11.2	Policy adopted
2.	17/03/2026 Item 12.11	Policy amended.